# **Spring 1 - On the Move**

Possible Themes & Interests (based on interests the children have had in past years)







Police Cars

Trains









Books following possible themes

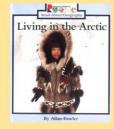


















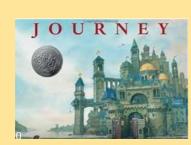


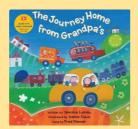














Spring 1 Literacy Texts

Suggested Texts





+ Daily songs, nursery rhymes and school/class songs.

Child led interests covered during the half term:

Area of learning	Objectives/skills	Revisit/ongoing throughout the year	On track	Best fit assessment not on track	extra focus assessment needed
Communication and Language	Listening: Listen attentively in a range of situations and know how to listen carefully e.g., understand they need to look at who is talking to them and think about what they are saying.  Attention:  Maintains attention, concentrates, and sits quietly during appropriate activity for a short time in the classroom.  Respond:  Make predictions about what might happen next or story endings in response to texts read.  Engage in non-fiction books.  Link events in a story to their own experiences. Introduce a storyline into their play.  Understanding:  Consider the listener and takes turns to listen and speak in different contexts.  Speaking:  Use talk to pretend objects stand for something else in play.  Demonstrate use of past tense verbs, such as "ran" or "fell" but may still get confused. Offer explanations for why things happen. Recount events that happen in their day.	Learn new vocabulary Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Use new vocabulary through the day in discussions and conversations. Learn new rhymes, poems, and songs. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.			necucu
Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Jigsaw Theme - Dreams and Goals Covering: Challenges, Perseverance, Goal setting, Overcoming Obstacles, seeking help, Jobs, Achieving goals. Show pride in achievements. Understand behavioural expectations of the setting. Can explain right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.  Manage their own needs. Can identify kindness. Seek others to share activities and experiences.  Key Vocabulary: Dream, Goal, Challenge, Job, Ambition, Perseverance, Achievement, Happy, Kind, Encourage.  Books used -  Torioise  Books used -  Torioise	Continue to develop skills of using gestures, non-verbal communication, facial expressions, body language, appropriate language, and vocabulary; to listen to others, speak to peers and adults and engage in discussions in a positive way.			

• Know what a challenge is Know that it is important to keep trying • Know what a goal is · Know how to set goals and work towards them · Know which words are kind · Know some jobs that they might like to do when they are older • Know that they must work hard now in order to be able to achieve the job they want when they are older · Know when they have achieved a goal Social and Emotional Skills • Understand that challenges can be difficult • Recognise some of the feelings linked to perseverance • Talk about a time that they kept on trying and achieved a goal • Be ambitious Resilience • Recognise how kind words can encourage people Feel proud Celebrate success Water Safety Curriculum Can I become familiar with ways to stay safe when near the water? Power point. Song. In this unit, pupils find out about the Christian belief that God created the heavens and the earth. They will learn the key events from the creation story found in Genesis 1. They will find out many Christians believe the earth and everything in it belongs to God and that God gave people the job of taking care of the world. Pupils will find out the story of Adam being tasked with naming animals. Pupils will learn that many Christians try to treat God's name with respect. They will learn that Christians believe Jesus told stories or parables about how much God loves them and find out what this means for believers today. Continue to develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely, and confidently. Continue to develop overall bodystrength, balance, co-ordination, Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks, and spoon. and agility through use of outdoor Cognitive: play equipment. Jasmine PE Module: Dynamic Balance 1 leg Static balance stance (weeks 14-19) Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance, and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport, and swimming. Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.

REAL PE FOCUS - Unit 3

Cognitive Cog Focus – understand and follow simple rules, name some things I am good at.

Develop confidence, competence, precision, and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.

Dynamic Balance On a Lin

I can move smoothly and with minimum wobble.

I can maintain balance on the line with head up.

I can move with opposite arm and leg moving forwards.

Static Balance Stance

I can balance with both feet facing forwards.

I can balance with feet still.

I can balance with minimum wobble (control).

Unit 3 - Cognitive - Shape and Travel (Themes are At Home and Jungle Trip)

Weeks 1-6

LC: Can I follow simple Instructions.

Real Gym

Shape

I can perform an accurate shape.

I can use good body tension to hold the shape.

I can perform a repeatable shape.

Travel

I can move with good posture.

I can move with light and quiet steps.

I can perform accurate movement patterns.

## **Specific Areas**

COMPREHENSION  Use picture clues to help read a simple text.  Make a simple prediction based on the pictures or text of a straightforward story that is read aloud to them.  Show understanding of some words and phrases in a story that is read aloud to them.  Express a preference for a book, song or rhyme, from a limited selection.  Play is influenced by experience of books (small world, role play).	Daily questioning to develop comprehension skills.
WORD READING  Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.  Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter-sound correspondences.  Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.	Re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. Read books consistent with their phonic knowledge.
WRITING Emergent writing: Use appropriate letters for initial sounds. Composition: Orally compose a sentence and hold it in memory before attempting to write it and use simple conjunctions. Spelling: Spell to write VC and CVC words independently using Phase 2 graphemes. Handwriting: Shows a dominant hand. Write from left to right and top to bottom. Begin to form recognisable letters. Helicopter stories progression:	Handwriting - Continue to revisit/practice letter formation relating to name, phonics phases and other letters which children have been taught to form correctly.

Child knows groups of letters make up a word and a group of words make sentences. Child continues to write the initial sound of a word which may develop to a VC and a CVC words and the adult continues to write the other parts of the story.

We will be using Literacy Leaves to enhance our writing – This half term the text we are focussing on are:





This differs from long term plan slightly as children moved onto level 2 earlier that was expected at start of the year.

#### Phase 3

Continue Level 3 skills: Week 6 - 10

Recap grapheme -phoneme correspondence for j, v, w, x, z, zz, qu

Know the 4 consonant digraphs – sh, th, ch, ng

Know 9 vowel digraphs - ai, ee, oa, oo, ar, or, ur, ow, oi

Know trigraph igh

Know tricky words, the, to, he, she, we, me, be, was, my

Write graphemes and digraphs when they hear them, using a sound mat or sound wall for support if needed.

Continue to revisit all taught sounds daily and practice sound discrimination.

## **Mathematics**

Numbers 5 and 0

Continue to revisit key skills – Counting, Subitising, Composition, Sorting, matching, comparing & ordering

#### NCETM

Counting, ordinality and Cardinality – Practise object counting skills, match numerals to quantities with in ten and verbal counting beyond 20.

Explore and compare length (Sp Block 4)

Subitising - Subitise within 5 focusing on die patterns Match numerals to quantities within 5

Explore and compare height (Sp Block 4)

Counting, ordinality and cardinality

Counting – focus on ordinality and the 'staircase' pattern See that each number is one more than the previous number

Order and sequence time (Sp Block 4)

Composition

Focus on 5

Recognise and name 3D shape (Sp block 6)

Composition

Focus on 6 and 7 as '5 and a bit'

Find 2D shapes within 3D shapes (Sp block 6)

Composition

Compare sets and use language of comparison: more than, fewer than, an equal number to Make unequal sets equal



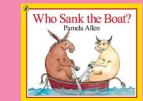




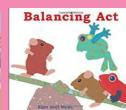


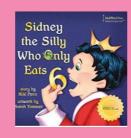






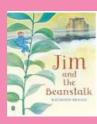
















# Understanding the

ınd Design

Visually represent their own day on a simple timeline (correspond with number 7 work, days of the week)

Understand the value of being curious and interested in finding out about people within their own community and in other countries - special places and events or objects – through non-fiction texts, stories, visitors, celebrations.

Program a BeeBot or instruct a friend to move along a track or small world setup in a specific direction using terms up, down, side.

Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live e.g., Antarctica link to Dear Polor Bear Book.

Use technology and IT equipment to make observations or find information about different locations and places. Recognise, know, and describe features of different places. Look closely at similarities and differences.

Using Barefoot Computing – Busy Bodies - Provides four activities that help children discover how bodies move and grow. Using the resources provided they explore and learn about parts of the body, growth and movement.

Simple algorithms are created and adapted to form a routine of movements.

Within this area we will link it to developing a sense of continuity and change by being able to compare and contrast characters from stories throughout the year. This will include figures from the past. (Little people, Big Dreams book)





Develop storylines in their pretend play.

Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.

Artist Study – Yves Klein Artists who use hearts in their art (oil pastels)





### Charanga Spring 1 Unit - Everyone!

#### Poetru Rasbet

- 1. Popcorn α six-line poem
- 2. A Little House an eight-line poem
- 3. Pancakes a six-line poem
- 4. Let's Put on Our Mittens a six-line poem
- 5. I Can Build a Snowman a four-line poem
- 6. Carrot Nose a four-line poem

Communication: Comment on what they notice about the environment where they live and understand the effect of the changing seasons on the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear, and feel outside.

Observation: Explore the natural world around them by taking part in outdoor provision sessions and making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.

Explore, use, and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.

Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.

Explore Wind The Bobbin Up Rocka-bye Baby Five Little Monkeys Jumping On The Bed Twinkle Twinkle If You're Happy And You Know It Head, Shoulders, Knees And Toes. Invent ways to find the pulse. Copy-clap some rhythms of phrases from the songs. Explore high pitch and low pitch in the context of the songs. Cayton School Spring 1 Medium Term Plan