CAYTON SCHOOL

# MEDIUM TERM CURRICULUM PLAN YEAR 3 - AUTUMN 2



Learn from yesterday, seek today and aim for tomorrow

# **History Driver: Ancient Greece**

### Key Enquiry: Why were the Ancient Greeks ruled by their Gods?

# **History Driver**

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
ANCIENT GREECE	
Greek life and influence on the Western world	
Can I find this Ancient Civilisation on a timeline and understand just how long ago this was?  Do I know the main characteristics of the	Role-play, power-points, mock debates, 'battle' before linking to writing (Athens 'vs' Sparta) comparing the lives of men, women and children in both as well as with today. Look at life as an
Athenians and the Spartans and the differences between them?	Athenian and link to democracy and politics vs life as a Spartan with military warfare.
Can I understand the differences between the roles of children, men and women- both at home and in terms of warfare- in Athenian vs Spartan life?	Links to discussions of the Queen and Prime Minister in KS1- 'Who had the power?' Who came up with 'democracy' (in Ancient Greece) and how did this change the world?
Do I know where the term 'democracy' came from and how their systems of government worked in Athens?	You-tube clips and videos – Olympics in Ancient Greece
Do I know the four most common systems of government within Ancient Greece including democracy, monarchy, tyranny and oligarchy	Fact files on Greek Gods and artwork and their influence on daily life for society.
Do I understand the influence the gods had on Ancient Greece and their daily life?	
Can I understand how the Ancient Greek Olympics first began and study the sporting traditions involved?	
Do I understand who Alexander the Great was and what he was known for?	
Key Skills Plot the ancient civilisation on a timeline including where and when Ancient Greece first appeared and putting across how far back in time this was.	
Compare life as an Athenian to life as a Spartan- political values vs warfare and compare with our own values today.	
Identify and name at least five sports from the Ancient Greek Olympics	
<b>Study</b> the changes Alexander the Great made and the impact on the wider world	

Key Vocabulary Voting, democracy, oligarchy, monarchy, tyranny, civilisation	
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### Geography

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Place Knowledge	
understand geographical similarities and	
differences through the study of human and	
physical geography of a region of the United	
Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a	
region within North or South America	
Can I compare two major cities from different	
continents – Rio De Janeiro and New York.	
<ul> <li>Explore the physical features of Rio De Janeiro and New York.</li> </ul>	
What are some of the most important human characteristics of the two cities?	
Can I identify where natural resources are	
located in New York and Rio De Janeiro?	

# Computing

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Creating media - Stop-frame animation	
National Curriculum Objectives - Pupils should be taught to:  Computing  select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information  use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact	Please use the learning objectives from the Teach Computing website which may vary slightly from the above (this ensures that we always have the up to date learning outcomes).  Learners will use a range of techniques to create a stopframe animation. Next, they will apply those skills to create a story-based animation. This unit will conclude with learners adding other types of media to their animation, such as music and text.
To explain that animation is a sequence of drawings or	animation flip has be stanfarmed from
photographs I can draw a sequence of pictures I can create an effective flip book—style animation I can explain how an animation/flip book works To relate animated movement with a sequence of images	animation, flip book, stopframe, frame, sequence, image, photograph, setting, character, events, onion skinning, consistency, evaluation, delete, media, import, transition.

•	I can predict what an animation will look like	
•	I can explain why little changes are needed for each	
	frame	
•	I can create an effective stop-frame animation	
То	plan an animation	
•	I can break down a story into settings, characters and	
	events	
•	I can describe an animation that is achievable on	
	screen	
•	I can create a storyboard	
То	identify the need to work consistently and carefully	
•	I can use onion skinning to help me make small	
	changes between frames	
•	I can review a sequence of frames to check my work	
•	I can evaluate the quality of my animation	
To	review and improve an animation	
•	I can explain ways to make my animation better	
•	I can evaluate another learner's animation	
•	I can improve my animation based on feedback	
То	evaluate the impact of adding other media to an	
ani	mation	
•	I can add other media to my animation	
•	I can explain why I added other media to my animation	
I ca	an evaluate my final film	

### Art

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences			
Drawing, painting and sculpture				
improve their mastery of art and design				
techniques, including drawing, painting and				
sculpture with a range of materials [for example,				
pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	<u> </u>			
<ul> <li>Build on skills of tonal shading in their drawing.</li> </ul>	Design and make an Ancient Greek vase			
<ul> <li>Sketch lightly without using a rubber.</li> </ul>	Make clay vase and paint it in appropriate			
<ul> <li>Show facial expression in art</li> </ul>	colours			
<ul> <li>Use sketches to help produce a final piece of art.</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Use different grades of pencils to show</li> </ul>				
tones and textures through hatching & cross hatching.				
<ul> <li>Use shading to show light &amp; shadow.</li> </ul>				
Annotate sketches to explain and elaborate.				
<ul> <li>Use clay and add interesting details to sculpture</li> </ul>				
Know tertiary colours				
Create a background using a colourwash				
Use a range of brushes to create Shapes,				
textures, patterns & lines. Use watercolour				
tp produce washes for backgrounds and				
add detail				
Recognise and compare artwork from				
different cultures and artists				
Understand that there is artwork from				
different historical periods				

# **Design Technology**

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Food Technology	
understand and apply the principles of a healthy	
and varied diet	
prepare and cook a variety of predominantly	
savoury dishes using a range of cooking	
techniques	
understand seasonality and know where and	
how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared,	
caught and processed	
describe how food ingredients come	Select ingredients to make a savoury pastry
together	Follow recipe for a vegetable pizza or wrap
<ul> <li>weigh out ingredients and follow a given</li> </ul>	Cutting/ weighing/ kneading dough
recipe to create a dish	
<ul> <li>talk about which food is healthy and which</li> </ul>	
food is not	
<ul> <li>know when food is ready for harvesting</li> </ul>	

#### Music

### Charanga Music Scheme - <a href="https://charanga.com/site/">https://charanga.com/site/</a>

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Unit 2 – Playing in a band	
Listening and Appraise Music (Musicianship)	
Appreciate and understand a wide range of	
high-quality live and recorded music drawn	
from different traditions and from great	
composers and musicians	
Develop an understanding of the history of music.	
Walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the	
music changes.	
Invent different actions to move in time with the music.	
Singing and Voice	
Play and perform in solo and ensemble	
contexts using their voices with increasing	
accuracy, fluency, control and expression	
Perform actions confidently and in time to a range of	Video with QR https://www.codigos-
action songs. Sing songs from memory and/or from notation	<u>qr.com/en/qr-code-generator/</u>
,	
Notation	
<ul> <li>Use and understand staff and other musical notations</li> </ul>	
Explore standard notation, using minims, semibreves, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B♭, C G, A, B, C, D, E E, F♯, G♯, A, B	
Playing Instruments	
Play and perform in solo and ensemble	
contexts and playing musical instruments	
with increasing accuracy, fluency, control	
and expression	

•	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major and E major. Develop facility in playing tuned percussion or a melodic instrument, such as a violin or recorder.	Glockenspiels and bars as a whole class
•	Improvising	
•	Improvise and compose music for a range	
	of purposes using the inter-related	
	dimensions of music	
•	Become more skilled in improvising (using voices, tuned and untuned percussion, and instruments played in wholeclass/group/individual/instrumental teaching), inventing short 'on-the-spot' responses using a limited note-range.	
•	Composing	
•	Improvise and compose music for a range	
	of purposes using the inter-related	
	dimensions of music	
•	Compose over a simple groove.	Use Charanga with pupil logins to
•	Compose over a drone.	experiment with the notation maker.
	Performing	-
Lict	ten with attention to detail and recall sounds	
wit Pla usi	h increasing aural memory y and perform in solo and ensemble contexts ng their voices with increasing accuracy,	
Jiu	ency, control and expression  Play and perform melodies following staff notation,	Dorformanas to navento to colobrate unit
•	using a small range, as a whole class or in small groups.	Performance to parents to celebrate unit. Videos to send out on Class Dojo.
•	Vocabulary	
•	Structure	
:	Intro/introduction Verse	
	Chorus	
•	Improvise	
:	Compose	
	Pulse Rhythm	
•	Pitch	
•	Tempo	
	Dynamics Bass	
	Drums	
•	Guitar	
	Keyboard Synthesizer	
	Texture	
•	Electric guitar	
•	Organ	
	Backing vocals	
	Backing vocals Hook	
	Hook Riff	
•	Hook Riff Melody	
•	Hook Riff Melody Reggae	
•	Hook Riff Melody	

# Physical Education – Follow Real P.E. and supplement with NC P.E. experiences

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Athletics	
use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination	
<ul> <li>run at fast, medium and slow speeds;</li> </ul>	
changing speed and direction	
take part in a relay, remembering when to	
run and what to do  Competitive Games	
play competitive games, modified where	
appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball,	
cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and	
tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for	
attacking and defending	
be aware of space and use it to support team-mates and to cause problems for the	
opposition	
know and use rules fairly	
Gymnastics	
develop flexibility, strength, technique, control	
and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]	
adapt sequences to suit different types of	
<ul><li>apparatus and criteria</li><li>explain how strength and suppleness affect</li></ul>	
performance	
Dance	X6 Weeks Unit 2 - Social
perform dances using a range of movement	
patterns	Hait O Conial
improvise freely and translate ideas from a stimulus into movement	Unit 2 Social  I can show patience and support others, listening well to
<ul> <li>share and create phrases with a partner and</li> </ul>	them about our work. I am happy to show and tell them
small group	about my ideas.
remember and repeat dance perform	Real Dance
phrases	Shapes I can perform with balance and control when holding a
	shape and when moving between shapes / landing.
	can perform a range of partner standing and floor shapes.  I can perform a range balance positions on the floor and
	with different leg positions creating challenge to core
	strength. I can perform a variety of smooth, fluent movements when
	moving between shapes.
	Circles
	I can demonstrate an understanding of how circles move the body.
	I can perform a diverse range of movements led by circles
	with a partner. I can perform a diverse range of circle moves, including
	jumps and turns.
	can perform exact, repeatable movements, including circles and half-circles rather than ovals.
	Artistry I can perform a range of body movements demonstrating
	moving like silk.
	I can perform a diverse range of moves, including linking silk moves with shapes and circles.
	I can smoothly and fluently when transitioning between
	moves.
	I can perform a variety of shapes, circles and silk moves

	I can develop a sequence of movements including shapes, circles, silk moves and partnering. I can perform clear start and finish shapes with an understanding of how they can be used to impact the choreography.  Aut 2				apes,	
Outdoor and Adventurous Activity						
take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team						
<ul><li>follow a map in a familiar context</li><li>use clues to follow a route</li><li>follow a route safely</li></ul>						
Evaluate						
compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best						
<ul><li>compare and contrast gymnastic sequences</li><li>recognise own improvement in ball games</li></ul>						
Real P.E.						
Unit 2 Social I can show patience and support others, listening well to them about our work. I am happy to show and tell them about my ideas						
Nigel Carson Sessions		1000	F-98/2000		11/2000	
	Age Group	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4	Block 5	Block 6
	Monday Year 1	Ball Skills Hands	SAQ	Net and Wall Games	Striking and Fielding Games	Athletics
	Monday Year 2	Ball Skills Hands	SAQ	Net and Wall Games	Striking and Fielding Games	Athletics
	Tuesday Year 3	Benchball	SAQ and Dodgeball	Tennis	Cricket	Athletics
	Wednesday Year 4	Benchball	SAQ and Dodgeball	Tennis	Cricket	Athletics
	Thursday Year 5	Basketbali	SAQ and Dodgeball	Tennis	Cricket	Athletics
	Friday Year 6	Basketball	SAQ and Dodgeball	Tennis	Cricket	Athletics

### **PSHE**

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Celebrating Difference	Resource links from: Jigsaw
<u>Knowledge</u>	In this Puzzle (unit) the class learn about
<ul> <li>Know why families are important</li> </ul>	families, that they are all different and that
<ul> <li>Know that everybody's family is different</li> </ul>	sometimes they fall out with each other.
<ul> <li>Know that sometimes family members</li> </ul>	The children talk about techniques to calm
don't	themselves down and discuss a technique
get along and some reasons for this	called 'solve it together.' The children revisit
<ul> <li>Know that conflict is a normal part of</li> </ul>	the topic of bullying and talk about being a
relationships	witness (bystander), they took about how a
<ul> <li>Know what it means to be a witness to</li> </ul>	witness has choices and how these choices
bullying and that a witness can make the	can affect the bullying that is taking place.
situation worse or better by what they do	The children also talk about using problem-
<ul> <li>Know that some words are used in hurtful</li> </ul>	solving techniques in bullying situations.
ways and that this can have consequences	They talk about name-calling and choosing
	not to use hurtful words. They also talk
Social and Emotional Skills	about giving and receiving compliments and
<ul> <li>Understand that boys and girls can be</li> </ul>	the feelings associated with this.
similar in lots of ways and that is OK	Key vocabulary:

- Understand that boys and girls can be different in lots of ways and that is OK
- Explain how being bullied can make someone feel
- Can choose to be kind to someone who is being bullied
- Know how to stand up for themselves when they need to
- Recognise that they shouldn't judge people because they are different
- Understand that everyone's differences make them special and unique

Please use the learning objectives from the Jigsaw website which may vary slightly from the above (this ensures that we always have the up to date learning outcomes).

Perseverance, Challenges, Success, Obstacles, Dreams, Goals, Ambitions, Future, Aspirations, Garden, Decorate, Enterprise, Design, Co-operation, Strengths, Motivated, Enthusiastic, Excited, Efficient, Responsible, Frustration, 'Solve It Together' Technique, Solutions, Review, Learning, Evaluate

#### See the link below

Possible learning experiences

https://jigsawlivestcmsuk.blob.core.windows.net/umbraco-media/hpkdfhs2/04-ages-7-8-jigsaw-skills-and-knowledge-progression-for-parents.pdf

#### **Religious Education:**

What I need the children to learn

For this unit there is 8-10 hours of classroom ideas on RE Today. Please use you log in details to access this. There is planning and Idea on how to make the LC challenges more pupil friendly. Such Can I

what i need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences		
L2:1			
<ul> <li>What do different People believe about God?</li> <li>Learning Objectives:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talk about ways in which we exercise trust and faith in our everyday lives, linking to the idea of believing in God.</li> <li>Find some examples of how we know</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Identify beliefs about God that are held by Christians, Hindus and/or Muslims (B1).</li> <li>Retell and suggest the meanings of stories from sacred texts about people who encountered God (A1).</li> <li>Expected:         <ul> <li>Describe some of the ways in which Christians Hindus and/or Muslims describe God (A1).</li> <li>Ask questions and suggest some of their own responses to ideas about God (C1).</li> <li>Suggest why having a faith or belief in</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find some examples of now we know about something we have not seen or experienced for ourselves.</li> <li>Consider the question: What do people believe about God?</li> <li>Explore some of the ways in which Christianity expresses ideas about God, including how Christians think of God as Trinity – Father, Son and Holy Spirit; how Christian create art expressing ideas about God, how Christians reflect on biblical stories to develop ideas about God and how religious experiences help believers to understand God. Examples will include Moses and the Burning Bush (Exodus 3.1–15), and Paul's conversion (Acts 9.</li> </ul>		
something can be hard (B2).	1–19).		

 Identify how and say why it makes a difference in people's lives to believe in God (B1)

#### Exceeding:

- Identify some similarities and differences between ideas about what God is like in different religions (B3).
- Discuss and present their own ideas about why there are many ideas about God and express their own understanding of God through words, symbols and the arts (C1).
- Explore some of the ways in which Islam expresses ideas about Allah / God including how Muslims use the 99 Names of Allah; calligraphy to express ideas, stories which help Muslims understand the nature of God e.g. the story of first revelation of the Qur'an to Prophet Muhammad [PBUH].
- Explore some of the ways in which Hindus express ideas about ultimate reality and the gods and goddesses including beliefs about the Trimurti – Brahma (creator), Vishnu (preserver), Shiva (destroyer);
- Examine similarities and differences between varied ideas about God.
- Explore the influence believing in God has on the lives of believers.
- Explore the fact that many people do not believe in God.
- Reflect on pupils' own questions and ideas about God in light of their learning

#### **Foreign Languages**

#### What I need the children to learn

#### Listening

Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words

Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language

- Listen to and enjoy short stories, nursery rhymes and songs.
- Recognise familiar words and short phrases covered in the units taught.

#### **Speaking**

Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences

Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing

 Communicate with others using simple words and short phrases covered in the unit.

#### **Reading/Writing**

Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are

#### Possible learning experiences

Language Angels

#### Autumn 2 - Seasons

Teaching Type: Early Language

Unit Objective: To talk about our favourite season in French. By the end of this unit we will be able to:

- Name, recognise and remember all four seasons in French.
- Say which is our favourite season in French.
- Say why it is our favourite season in French.
- Start to recognise and use the conjunctions 'et' (and) & 'car' (because) in our spoken and written responses.

reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases

Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing

Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly Describe people, places, things and actions in writing

- Read familiar words and short phrases accurately by applying knowledge from 'Phonics Lesson 1'.
- Understand the meaning in English of short words I read in the foreign language
- Write familiar words and short phrases using a model or vocabulary list.

#### Grammar

Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied

- Start to understand the concept of noun gender and the use of articles.
- Use the first person singular version of high frequency verbs.

#### **Cayton Creation**

Ancient Greece day, - Greek food tasting, leaf crown making, dress a child up in a toga.

#### **Cayton Conclusion**

Greek temple, theatre making. Animated film.

#### **English**

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Whole Class Reading	
The focus should continue to be on pupils' comprehension as a primary element in reading. The knowledge and skills that pupils need in order to comprehend are very similar at different ages. This is why the programmes of study for comprehension in years 3 and 4 and years 5 and 6 are similar: the complexity of the writing	

increases the level of challenge. Pupils should be taught to recognise themes in what they read, such as the triumph of good over evil or the use of magical devices in fairy stories and folk tales. They should also learn the conventions of different types of writing (for example, the greeting in letters, a diary written in the first person or the use of presentational devices such as numbering and headings in instructions). Pupils should be taught to use the skills they have learnt earlier and continue to apply these skills to read for different reasons, including for pleasure, or to find out information and the meaning of new words.  Can I use my phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to read longer unknown words)?  Can I apply my growing knowledge of root words and prefixes, including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis-, mis-, un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti- and auto- to begin to read aloud.*?  Can I apply my growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings, including -ation,-ly, -ous, -ture, -sure, -sion,-tion, -ssion and -cian, to begin to read aloud.*?  Please also see Phonics Progression Mapping Cayton School 2020  Can I begin to read Y3/Y4 exception words?*  At this stage, teaching comprehension skills should be taking precedence over teaching word reading and fluency specifically. Any focus on word reading should support the development of vocabulary.  Can I prove that the text makes sense and discuss my understanding, explaining the meaning of words in context?  Can I recognise, listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks?  Can I use appropriate terminology when discussing texts (plot, character, setting)?  Can I discuss authors' choice of words and phrases for effect?  Can I discuss authors' choice of words and phrases for effect?  Can I discuss authors' choice of words and phrases for effect?  Can I discuss authors' choice of words and phrases for effect?  Can I prepare and perform poems and play scr	VIPERS Reading Spine- The Girl Who Stole An Elephant. Diversity.
reading aloud? Can I retrieve and record information from non- fiction texts?	
Text and Composition	
Pupils should continue to have opportunities to write for a range of real purposes and audiences as part of their work across the curriculum. These purposes and audiences should underpin the decisions about the form the writing should take, such as a narrative, an explanation or a description. Pupils should understand, through being shown these, the skills and processes that are essential for writing: that is, thinking aloud to explore and collect ideas, drafting, and re-reading to check their meaning is clear, including doing so as the writing develops. Pupils should be taught to monitor whether their own writing makes sense in the same way that they monitor their reading, checking at different levels.	
Can I begin to organise my writing into paragraphs around a theme?  Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar?  Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innonfiction)?  Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing?  Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make	

improvements?	
Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including	
dialogue)?	
Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail?	
detail?	
Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in	
narratives?	
Grammar	
Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils	
should be taught the terminology and concepts	
set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to	
apply them correctly to examples of real	
language, such as their own writing or books	
that they have read. At this stage, pupils should	
start to learn about some of the differences	
between Standard English and non-Standard	
English and begin to apply what they have	
learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for	
characters].	
Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present	
perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate subject/verb agreement?	
Can I use the full range of punctuation from previous year groups?	Purpose: Letters and diary entries based on
Can I use 'a' or 'an' correctly throughout a piece of writing? Can	the Odyssey.
I use subordinate clauses, extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, and although?	
Can I use a range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to show time, place and cause?	
Can I punctuate direct speech accurately, including the use of inverted commas?	
Can I recognise and use the terms preposition, conjunction, word family, prefix, clause, subordinate clause, direct speech, consonant, consonant letter, vowel, vowel letter and inverted commas (or speech marks)?	
On all the second blanches (Com	
Spellings and Handwriting Teachers should continue to emphasise to	
pupils the relationships between sounds and	
letters, even when the relationships are unusual.	
Once root words are learnt in this way,	
longer words can be spelt correctly, if the rules	
and guidance for adding prefixes and	
suffixes are also known.  Can I spell words with the / eɪ/ sound spelt 'ei', 'eigh', or 'ey' (e.g.	
vein, weigh, eight, neighbour, they, obey)?	
Can I spell words with the /ɪ/ sound spelt 'y' in a position other than at the end of words (e.g. mystery, gym)?	
Can I spell words with a /k/ sound spelt with 'ch' (e.g. scheme,	
chorus, chemist, echo, character)?  Can I spell words ending in the /g/ sound spelt 'gue' and the /k/	
sound spelt 'que' (e.g. league, tongue, antique, unique)? Can I spell words with a / sh/ sound spelt with 'ch' (e.g. chef, chalet,	
machine, brochure)?	
Can I spell words with a short /u/ sound spelt with 'ou' (e.g. young, touch, double, trouble, country)?	
Can I spell words ending with the /zher/ sound spelt with 'sure' (e.g.	
measure, treasure, pleasure, enclosure)?	
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Can I spell words ending with the /cher/ sound spelt with 'ture' (e.g. creature, furniture, picture, nature, adventure)? Can I spell many of the Y3 and Y4 statutory spelling words correctly? Can I spell most words with the prefixes dis-, mis-, bi-, re- and de- correctly (e.g. disobey, mistreat, bicycle, reapply, defuse)? Can I spell most words with the suffix -ly with no change to the root word; root words that end in 'le', 'al' or 'ic' and the exceptions to the rules? Can I spell words with added suffixes beginning with a vowel (-er/ed/ing) to words with more than one syllable (unstressed last syllable, e.g. limiting offering)? Can I spell words with added suffixes beginning with a vowel (-er/-ed/- en/-ing) to words with more than one syllable (stressed last syllable, e.g. forgotten beginning)? Can I spell some more complex homophones and near-homophones, including here/hear, brake/break and mail/ male? Can I use the first two or three letters of a word to check spellings in a dictionary? Can I use a neat, joined handwriting style with increasing accuracy and speed?
Can I continue to use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and to understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined?

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Prefixes and suffixes	CLPE Adventures of Odysseus
Phonics spelling gaps	•
Compose and rehearse sentences	Plays linked to Odysseus
Understand the audience I am writing for	
A or an	
Recognise a wide range of fiction, poetry,	
plays etc.	Harry Potter
Phonics Decoding	Charlie and the chocolate factory

#### **Mathematics**

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Following white rose planning scheme	Links to geography, distances between UK and Mediterranean.
Finishing addition and subtraction 1 week,	Populations, economy etc.
Moving on to multiplication and division	
1 week assessment	