

Learn from yesterday, seek today and aim for tomorrow

						Intent								
Cayton School Vision	"To delive	r the higi	hest sta	andaro	-				-			k togeth	her wher	e laughter,
					respect,	trust an	a narm	nony are	e nigniy	valued	~			
Cayton School principles	Broad and Balanced, Sequential and E each subject has Progressive sufficient time to contribute effectively to learning			ingaging and Ambitious and Interesting Progressive			Every child awarded the same offer Knowledge opportunities			Life-long rners	Reading a priority – whole school reading culture			
Why Cayton School Curriculum is unique	We have written our curriculum with a strong emphasis towards Local Community, History, Geography, Culture and Faith	with a strong rich knowledge base and vocabulary allows opportunities support children to learn and apply words in a variety children to accomplish the very best they can of contexts be they can minds			to support evelop lively, nd creative	of a hea	lerstand the importance althy body, healthy mind is prioritised throughout our Curriculum							
Intent	Our	-		Our	s that our role as E We passionately b curriculum is desi oke curriculum wa	elieve that life gned to ensure	skills as w e life-long le	ell as acade earners who	mic success are kind, co	is vitally imp nfident and s	ortant. uccessful.			iers.
Cayton Awards Culture	C - Courage	A - A(	chieveme	ent	Y – Your	Actions	Т	- Tolerance O – Our World				N - Nurturing		
Implementation														
Delivering the Curriculum	Centrist pedagogical approach	behaviou	nphasis on p r through Ca Awards		A whole school PSH			inities for col ind shared w		tive The importance of Reading is implemented throughout our Curriculum offer			Every class has a Cayton, Cultural, Capital, Citizenship and community Passport throughout school	
Evidence Based Research	Metacognition 'learn scaffolding EEF evi	strategies F		age skills at the centre of Quality First Teaching Rose Report/ EEF		on vocal	delivery has a bulary and re spine Doug I	ading	hasis	Dr	power of 'emp Raj Persaud/ mance=Skills	Hertzog		
Pedagogy	Enquiry based learnin based driver que			Teache	er centred		Holistic a	approach		Т	ogetherness			Well-being
Processes and Procedures	A strong focus on asse learning throughout				oowerment of ad their subjects		lance and s ing core su	structure in Ibjects			nt of core and ts throughout I	Clear ru		es set out to support all Idren
Implementation			We imple	ement clea	nt of staff supports ar structures and t tacognitive' pedag	eaching seque	nces, whic	h underpin ti	he teaching o	of Reading, V	Vriting and Math	ematics.		
Cayton Awards Culture	C - Courage	A - A(	chieveme	ent	Y – Your	Actions	Т	- Tolerar	nce	0 -	Our World		N -	Nurturing
						Impact								
What 'success' looks like at Cayton School	Children develop self-o and self-estee				comes for all their starting s	Strong fe	eeling of Co	ommunity	A rich	and diverse	school culture	Child	iren prepared	for life-long learning
Ambition	Children and adults ar themselves and proud t the Cayton Comn	o be part of	Key Sta	ige shows	nment at each outcomes as ational Average'		and adults ous and co			are a positiv Il that they de	e role model in and say		Children are self -regulated in their learning and take responsibility for their actions	
Evidence	Outcomes at each stage of learning	Pupil	and staff voi	ce	Impact of development		Stal	keholder fee	dback		nal and Informal ssessments			ayton Awards Culture Ighout school
Cayton Awards Culture	C - Courage	A - A(	chieveme	ent	Y – Your	Actions	Т	- Tolerar	nce	0 -	Our World		N -	Nurturing

### **Developing Spoken Language at Cayton School**

## A confident speaker Cayton School will have...

- An appreciation of spoken language, linguistics and literature cultivated in daily activities where opportunities for, for example, discussion, talking, sharing ideas and opinions, debating are provided.
- Spoken language underpinning their reading and writing development and oral composition activities to practise grammar and sentence structures beforehand.
- An enjoyment of reading aloud through activities such as reading buddies, echo reading, reading new words from stories, non-fiction and poems in Whole Class Reading and paired reading where all children are given the chance to develop their reading aloud.
- Access to high quality and diverse texts from both the Reading Spine, class voting and teacher or peer recommendations where a reading scheme is followed but challenging books and extracts are also shared aloud.
  - The opportunity to read aloud starting with 100% of children, 100% of the time in phonics sessions at start of EYFS and beyond.
- Debating and discussion opportunities in a range of lessons and activities, where views can be shared and agreed or disagreed on in a safe and encouraging environment.
- Drama and hot seating as part of engaging English lessons where immersion in the novel, character, genre or poem is encouraged to inspire writing.
- The chance in their early reading and beyond to develop expression and fluency through repetition of reading, as well as through learning high quality poems by heart in both lessons and as part of, for example, their Harvest Festival.
- Immersion in stories, writing and songs from EYFS to Year 6, from helicopter stories to war poetry, linking with the wide range of reading
  opportunities that they have in school. They can orally rehearse formal and informal language for a range of purposes to suit the audience
  and task.



### Intent

Spoken Language and listening skills are essential to our curriculum and in our daily lives. Throughout our school, we aim to provide ample opportunities for speaking and listening to develop, linking with our oracy and fluency work to ensure that children develop their skills in expressing their own ideas clearly and in a supportive environment. A foundation of spoken language, reading and writing gives children the key to learning in all subjects in the curriculum and into their lives beyond this. At Cayton School, we structure activities to build their confidence with literature, language and linguistics, giving pupils a variety of ways to expand and practise their vocabulary and spoken language on a daily basis in, for example, drama, exploratory play, story time, talk partners, hot seating, discussions and debates, as well as through collaborative learning across the curriculum. In linking with British Values, we ensure that in our multicultural society everybody's views are valued throughout school life and in preparation for their future.

# Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Inclusive Provision

At Cayton School, in EYFS and Key Stages 1 and 2, children who need additional support receive additional one-to-one or small group support and interventions. For children who have special educational needs, the notion of 'speaking and listening' must come from a wider perspective, including a broad spectrum of potential in communication across different activities. Expressive and receptive communication must include a wider notion than 'language', which is commonly seen as acquisition of oral and written skills. Language and communication development is taken to include the development of symbols and their representation, verbal and non-verbal expressive and receptive language skills. As part of adaptive teaching, we aim to provide opportunities to meet the demands for speaking and listening and other oral activities through the use of alternative communication systems. For example, Clicker or alternative methods of recording and alternative communication systems may be used, as well as adult and peer support. Teacher and staff modelling of sentences and their meaning, visual timetables, breaking learning into manageable 'chunks' are just some of the strategies teachers will use to adapt teaching for SEND children.

## Ambition

Each child will leave Cayton School as a fluent reader and speaker, well-equipped with the 'tools' to access lifelong learning and understanding of different texts. We aim to ensure that ALL pupils will leave school having being supported in their spoken language to the fullest extent. Pupils will be provided with daily opportunities for speaking and listening, developing fluency, vocabulary and confidence as well as an appreciation for literature and linguistics. Children should be able to debate with others, orally rehearse in writing, share their favourite texts aloud, read with peers and different age groups as well as with adults, fully exploring a range of vocabulary and themes conveyed across fiction, non-fiction and poetry with excellent modelling from teachers and staff alongside this. Pupils will read independently and fluently, taking part in drama and debates which reflect their deeper understanding of a text. Cayton School pupils will appreciate life in our multicultural society, as well as in other societies and will connect with them culturally, emotionally, intellectually, socially and spiritually through reading experiences.

# Deep Dive into Spoken Language: Whole-School Curriculum Progression Map

Lars	EYFS	K	S1		K	S2	
Spoken Language*	Three and Four-Year- Olds Reception Early Learning Goals	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Listening Skills	<ul> <li>Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens.</li> <li>Can find it difficult to pay attention to more than one thing at a time.</li> <li>Can start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns.</li> <li>Listen with increased attention to sounds.</li> <li>Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important.</li> <li>Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.</li> <li>Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound.</li> <li>Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.</li> </ul>	To listen to others in a range of situations and usually respond appropriately.	To listen carefully and respond with increasing appropriateness to what has been said, e.g. make a helpful contribution when speaking in a small reading group.	To listen carefully in a range of different contexts and usually respond appropriately to both adults and their peers.	To listen carefully in a range of different contexts and usually respond appropriately to both adults and their peers.	To listen carefully, making timely contributions and asking questions that are responsive to others' ideas and views, e.g. participate in a collaborative project where they listen to the ideas of others and adapt these to meet the needs of the group.	To make improvements based on constructive feedback on their listening skills.

Listen attentively, move			
to and talk about music,			
expressing their feelings			
and response.			
Listen attentively and			
respond to what they			
hear with relevant			
questions, comments			
and actions when being			
read to and during whole			
class discussions and			
small group interactions.			
Make comments about			
what they have heard and			
ask questions to clarify			
their understanding.			
their underotandning.			
Hold conversation when			
engaged in back-and-			
forth exchanges with			
their teacher and peers.			
Give focused attention to			
what the teacher says,			
responding appropriately			
even when engaged in			
activity, and show an			
ability to follow			
instructions involving			
several ideas or actions.			

Following Instruction	Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as "Get your coat and wait at the door." Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.	To understand instructions with more than one point in many situations.	To fully understand instructions with more than one point in many situations and independently seek clarification when a message is not clear. To attempt to follow instructions before seeking assistance.	To follow instructions in a range of unfamiliar situations. To recognise when it is needed and ask for specific additional information to clarify instructions.	To follow complex dire	ctions/multi-step instructio repetition.	ns without the need for
Asking & Answering Ouestions	Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as "Get your coat and wait at the door." Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" Ask questions to find out more and check they understand what has been said to them.	To begin to ask questions that are linked to the topic being discussed. To answer questions on a wider range of topics (sometimes may only be one-word answers).	To show that they are following a conversation by asking relevant and timely questions. To answer questions using clear sentences. To begin to give reasoning behind their answers when prompted to do so.	To ask questions that relate to what has been heard or what was presented to them. To begin to offer support for their answers to questions with justifiable reasoning.	To generate relevant questions to ask a specific speaker/audience in response to what has been said. To regularly offer answers that are supported with justifiable reasoning.	To ask questions which deepen conversations and/or further their knowledge. To understand how to answer questions that require more detailed answers and justification.	To regularly ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge. To articulate and justify answers with confidence in a range of situations.

	Listen attentively and			
	respond to what they			
	hear with relevant			
	questions, comments			
	and actions when being			
	read to and during whole			
	class discussions and			
	small group interactions.			
	Make comments about			
	what they have heard			
	and ask questions to			
	clarify their			
	understanding.			
	Offer explanations for			
	why things happen,			
	making use of recently			
	introduced vocabulary			
	from stories, non-fiction,			
	rhymes and poems			
	when appropriate.		 	
	Be able to express a			
	point of view and debate			
,	when they disagree with			
	an adult or friend, using			
	words as well as			
	actions.			
ר י	Show more confidence			
• I	in new social situations.			
	Develop appropriate			
	ways of being assertive.			
	Create their own songs,			
	or improvise a song			
	around one they know.			
	Retell the story, once they			
5	have developed a deep			
	familiarity with the text;			
	some as exact repetition			
	and some in their own			
	words.			
	words.			

Drama, Performance & Confidence

<ul> <li>Learn rhymes, poems and songs.</li> <li>Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses.</li> <li>Sing in a group or on their own, increasing matching the pitch and following the melody.</li> <li>Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.</li> <li>Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of a challenge.</li> <li>Sings a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.</li> <li>Performs songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time to music.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To speak clearly in a way that is easy to understand.</li> <li>To speak in front of larger audiences, e.g. in a class assembly,during a show 'n' tell session.</li> <li>To know when it is their turn to speak in a small group presentation or play performance.</li> <li>To take part in a simple role play of a known story.</li> </ul>	To speak confidently within a group of peers so that their message is clear. To practise and rehearse reading sentences and stories aloud. To take on a different role in a drama or role play and discuss the character's feelings. To recognise that sometimes speakers talk differently and discuss reasons why this might happen.	To rehearse reading sentences and stories aloud, taking note of feedback from teachers and peers. To speak regularly in front of large and small audiences. To participate in role play tasks, showing an understanding of character by choosing appropriate words and phrases to indicate a person's emotions.	To use intonation when reading aloud to emphasise punctuation. To practise and rehearse sentences and stories, gaining feedback on their performance from teachers and peers. To take on a specific role in role-play/drama activities and participate in focused discussion while remaining in character. To discuss the language choices of other speakers and how this may vary in different situations.	To narrate stories with intonation and expression to add detail and excitement for the listener. To use feedback from peers and teachers (and from observing other speakers) to make improvements to performance. To combine vocabulary choices, gestures and body movement to take on and maintain the role of a character.	To participate confidently in a range of different performances, role play exercises and improvisations (including acting in role). To gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s). To select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.
--	---	--	---	---	---	--

Use a wider range of vocabulary. Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran' and 'swimmed' for 'swam'. Use longer sentences of four to six words. Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary. Learn new vocabulary throughout the day. Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Develop social phrases. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Participate in small group, class and one-to- one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.	To use appropriate vocabulary to describe their immediate world and feelings. To think of alternatives for simple vocabulary choices.	To start to use subject- specific vocabulary to explain, describe and add detail. To suggest words or phrases appropriate to the topic being discussed. To start to vary language according to the situation between formal and informal. To usually speak in grammatically correct sentences.	To use vocabulary that is appropriate to the topic and/or the audience. To recognise powerful vocabulary in stories/ texts that they read or listen to and begin to try to use these words and phrases in their own talk. To discuss topics that are unfamiliar to their own direct experience.	To regularly use interesting adjectives, adverbial phrases and extended noun phrases in speech. To know and use language that is acceptable in formal and informal situations with increasing confidence. To recognise powerful vocabulary in stories/ texts that they read or listen to, building these words and phrases into their own talk in an appropriate way.	To regularly use interesting adjectives, adverbial phrases and extended noun phrases in speech. To know and use language that is acceptable in formal and informal situations with increasing confidence. To recognise powerful vocabulary in stories/ texts that they read or listen to, building these words and phrases into their own talk in an appropriate way.	To use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary. To use adventurous and ambitious vocabulary in speech, which is always appropriate to the topic, audience and purpose To speak audibly, fluently and with a full command of Standard English in all situations. To use a broad, deep and rich vocabulary to discuss abstract concepts and a wide
---	---	--	--	---	---	---

Express their ideas an feelings about their experiences using ful sentences, including us of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and suppor from their teacher. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems an during role play.	e			range of topics. To confidently explain the meaning of words and offer alternative synonyms.
<ul> <li>Be able to express a point of view and deba when they disagree wi an adult or friend, usin words as well as actions.</li> <li>Can start a conversation with an adult or a frien and continue it for material turns.</li> <li>Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus you sit there I'll be the driver."</li> <li>Play with one or more other children, extendin and elaborating play ideas.</li> <li>Develop appropriate ways of being assertive</li> </ul>	h g y g			

Speaking for a Range of Purposes

Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them.			
Describe events in some detail.			
Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities. Explain how things work and why they might happen.			
Develop social phrases.			
Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.			
Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words.			
Use new vocabulary in different contexts.			
Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.			
Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others.			
Talk about their immediate family and community.			

Name and describ who are familiar to	e people o them.			
Comment on ima familiar situations past.				
Compare and co characters from s including figures f past.	stories,			
Describe what th hear and feel w outside.	ey see, hilst			
Watch and talk dance and perfor art, expressing feelings and resp	mance their			
Make comments what they have he ask questions to their meaning	ard and clarify			
Hold conversation engaged in back-a exchanges with teacher and pe	nd-forth their			
Participate in sma class and one-to discussions, offer own ideas, using r introduced vocal	o-one ng their recently			
Offer explanations things might ha making use of re introduced vocabul stories, non-fiction, and poems wh	ppen, cently ary from rhymes			
appropriate				

Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.			
Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.			
Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.			
Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.			
Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.			
Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.			

	_			
	Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.			
	Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.			
	Share their creations, explaining the processes they have used. Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher.			
	Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time to music.			
Participating in Discussion	Be able to express a point of view and debate when they disagree with an adult or friend, using words as well as actions. Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary			

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions, when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. Hold conversation when engaged in back-and- forth exchanges with their teachers and peers. Participate in small group, class and one-to- one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.	To recognise when it is their turn to speak in a discussion. To recognise that different people will have different responses and that that these are as valuable as their own opinions and ideas.	To give enough detail to hold the interest of other participant(s) in a discussion. To engage in meaningful discussions that relate to different topic areas. To remain focused on a discussion when not directly involved and be able to recall the main points when questioned.	To engage in discussions, making relevant points or asking relevant questions to show they have followed a conversation. To take account of the viewpoints of others when participating in discussions.	To engage in discussions, making relevant points and ask for specific additional information or viewpoints from other participants. To begin to challenge opinions with respect. To engage in meaningful discussions in all areas of the curriculum.	To develop, agree to and evaluate rules for effective discussion; follow their own rules in small groups and whole- class conversations. To engage in longer and sustained discussions about a range of topics. To ask questions, offer suggestions, challenge ideas and give opinions in order to take an active part in discussions.	To maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments with confidence. To consider and evaluate different viewpoints, adding their own interpretations and building on the contributions of others. To offer an alternative explanation when other participant(s) do not understand.
---	--	--	--	---	---	--

#### Implementation

A clear and effective progression of speaking and listening knowledge and skills are mapped out from EYFS through to Year 6. Our knowledge and skills curriculum progression map covers statutory objectives, but also provides a vision for how Cayton School provides a range of experiences across different lessons for using spoken language, from drama and hot seating in English, to discussing new vocabulary and displaying it in different ways, to debating a subject in History. Cayton School aims to equip pupils with the strategies and 'tools' from year to year to encourage lifelong learning. Experiencing reading aloud as a class in poetry, speaking with peers in Maths reasoning discussions and being involved in 'Reading Buddies', recommending and comparing different texts and genres with each other- these kinds of experiences combined with high quality teaching and modelling of spoken language aim to ensure that pupils leave Cayton School fully prepared for subjects in secondary school and in their confidence and sense of self. Pupils discuss our multicultural society and debate as part of British Values, looking at the importance of inclusivity in society. We value children's contributions during discussions and encourage and we recognise that the quality and wide range of language our pupils hear and share is vital for developing their vocabulary, grammar and comprehension.

#### **Impact**

Children are given a range of opportunities to develop their language through development of the four key skills of Speaking, Listening, Reading and Writing. Staff assess these skills each and every lesson, using questioning, peer discussion and adaptive teaching to ensure every individual class and pupils have the opportunities to progress in spoken language. Teachers and parents will communicate to fully ensure that children are able to access texts and progress with gaps being closed and needs being met throughout each key stage and beyond. In lesson observations, pupils will demonstrate a passion for vocabulary and will be observed debating and discussing- subject leaders will ensure that these opportunities are evidenced and provided. Teachers' subject knowledge will be excellent and enthusiasm for spoken language and their high quality modelling of this will be evident throughout lesson observations.