CAYTON MEDIUM TERM CURRICULUM PLAN SCHOOL YEAR 3 – SPRING 1



Learn from yesterday, seek today and aim for tomorrow

September 2023

History Driver: Stone Age

Key Enquiry: Who first lived in Britain?

History Driver

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
CHRONOLOGY (Stone age to 1066)	
To include:	
Stone age to Iron age	
Romans	
Anglo-Saxons	
Vikings To understand how Britain changed between the beginning of the Stone Age and the end of the Iron Age. To know the impact of the discovery of the wheel and the finding of iron ore. To understand the past is divided into differently named periods of time on a timeline. To put artefacts or information in chronological order.	Rotunda Museum and Stone Age experiences Stone Age- STAR CARR Artefacts or pictures of stone tools, pottery, cave paintings (build up evidence of life and show on a map where they come from) Power-points on hunter - gatherer hunts for food (pictures outside and fake spears) –
Examples (non-statutory) This could include: - late Neolithic hunter-gatherers and early	Skara Brae writing
farmers, for example, Skara Brae - Bronze Age religion, technology and travel, for example,	Bronze Age artefact comparison – weapons
Stonehenge - Iron Age hill forts: tribal kingdoms, farming, art and culture	Stone Age/ Bronze Age changes in writing
Can I plot the Stone, Bronze and Iron Ages on a timeline and learn how far apart they were in time?	Diaries of life in Iron Age, roles of men and women
Can I understand what is meant by 'hunter- gatherers?'	
Do I know the impact of the discovery of the wheel and the finding of iron ore?	
Do I understand what life was like for men, women and children at these different times in their home settlements and daily life during these times?	
Do I know the main differences between the Stone, Bronze and Iron Ages including styles of writing and use of weapons and tools?	
Can I learn about local Stone Age settlement 'Star Carr' as an important archaeological dig sites?	
Key Skills Compare how people live at these different times (Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age)	

Study Stone Age artefacts or pictures of stone tools, pottery, cave paintings (build up evidence of life and show on a map where they come from)	
Investigate Skara Brae writing and the changes in writing from Stone Age to Bronze Age	
Compare Bronze Age weapons with those from Stone and Iron Age	
Key Vocabulary Time periods, settlements, discovery, hunting, invention, forts	

Geography

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Locational Knowledge	
identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)	
 Can I know the names of four countries from the southern hemisphere and four from the northern hemisphere. Can I know the name of four countries on the Equator? Can I compare the climates of countries on the Equator to those in the tropics? Can I explore significant physical and human features of the countries I locate? Can I give reference points of longitude and latitude for famous landmarks in my countries? 	Countries from the different hemispheres/ topics study Maths – world clock links Countries on the Equator

Computing

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Using Programs – Handling Data	Please use the learning objectives from the icompute website which may vary slightly from the above (this ensures that we always have the up to date learning outcomes).
National Curriculum Objectives - Pupils should be taught to: Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital	As databases formed part of the former ICT National Curriculum, we assume schools have access to a database application

devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information iData unit – Information Technology Lesson 1: iRecord • To understand how information in a database is organised Lesson 2: iCompare • To understand the advantages of a computer based database over a paper one Lesson 3: iAdd • To find and enter information to create additional records in a database Lesson 4: iTravel • To demonstrate the knowledge skills and understanding they have learned during this unit	You will need to populate the database yourself using the records in Resource3.6.2a If your school does not have a database application, you could use a spreadsheet instead: for further details, please refer to the "readme" document located in the Databases > Excel folder (available in lesson resource downloads) https://www.icompute-uk.com/members- area/lks2/index.html and select Year 6 and then iData unit
Data Handling Declarative Knowledge	Procedural Knowledge
Year Pupils know/understand that	- 3 Pupils know how to
 data is structed in a database there are similarities and differences between computerised and paper-based databases data is represented digitally by computer systems; by a series of zeros and ones and that this is called the binary number system a database consists of records and fields 	 create diagrams and charts to ask and answer questions identify what data to collect to ask and answer specific questions enter data into a database and use search/sort to answer questions use and compare graphs and charts produced by database software select and use appropriate methods to organise, present and interpret data talk about the advantages of using databases make choices about how to present data

Art

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Study of great artists	
great artists, architects and designers in history printing	
 know how to identify the techniques used by different artists know how to compare the work of different artists recognise when art is from different cultures recognise when art is from different historical periods use layers of two or more colours to print replicate patterns from nature or built environments 	Look at Cave Paintings Tea stain paper and use charcoal to create desired look Use chalk on the floor to experiment first Compare to Greek vases created in Autumn 2 Print using cave painting inspiration
create a weaving	

Music

Charanga Music Scheme - https://charanga.com/site/

Wh	nat I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
ι	Init 4 – Compose using your imagination	
Lis	tening and Appraise Music (Musicianship)	
Ap	preciate and understand a wide range of	
hig	h-quality live and recorded music drawn	
-	m different traditions and from great	
-	mposers and musicians	
	,	
De	velop an understanding of the history of	
	isic.	
•	Talk about what the song or piece of music means	
Sin	iging and Voice	
•	Play and perform in solo and ensemble	
	contexts using their voices with increasing	
	accuracy, fluency, control and expression	
•	Sing expressively, with attention to the meaning of the	Video with QR qrcode monkey website
	words.	these with an groode monitory website
•	Notation	
•	Use and understand staff and other musical	
	notations	
•	Identify and understand the differences between crotchets and paired quavers.	
	ciolonels and paried quavers.	
•	Playing Instruments	
•	Play and perform in solo and ensemble	
	contexts and playing musical instruments	
	with increasing accuracy, fluency, control	
	and expression	
	Rehearse and learn a simple instrumental part by ear or	Glockenspiels and bars as a whole class
	from notation, using the notes C, D, E, F, F \sharp , G, G \sharp , A,	
•	B and Bb.	
•	Improvising	
·	Improvise and compose music for a range	
	of purposes using the inter-related	
	dimensions of music	
•	Become more skilled in improvising (using voices, tuned and untuned percussion, and instruments played	
	in wholeclass/group/individual/instrumental teaching),	
	inventing short 'on-the-spot' responses using a limited note-range.	
•	Composing	
•	Improvise and compose music for a range	
	of purposes using the inter-related	
	dimensions of music	
•	Use music technology, if available, to capture, change	Use Charanga with pupil logins to
	and combine sounds.	experiment with the notation maker.
•	Create a simple melody using crotchets, minims and perhaps paired quavers:	
•	C, D C, D, E C, D, E, G C, D, E, G, A Start and end on	
	the note C (Pentatonic on C)	

Performing	
Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds	
with increasing aural memory	
with increasing darar memory	
Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts	
using their voices with increasing accuracy,	
fluency, control and expression	
 Talk about what the song means and why it was 	Performance to parents to celebrate unit.
chosen to share	Videos to send out on Class Dojo.
· Vessbulen	
Vocabulary Structure	
Intro/introduction	
Verse	
Chorus	
Improvise	
Compose	
Pulse	
Rhythm	
• Pitch	
Tempo Dynamics	
Dynamics Bass	
Drums	
Guitar	
Keyboard	
Synthesizer	
• Texture	
Electric guitar	
Organ Backing vocals	
Backing vocals Hook	
Riff	
Melody	
Reggae	
Pentatonic scale	
Imagination	
Disco.	

Physical Education – Follow Real P.E. and supplement with NC P.E. experiences

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Athletics	
use running, jumping, throwing and catching in	
isolation and in combination	
 run at fast, medium and slow speeds; 	More sport specific games and competitions
changing speed and direction	Relays, obstacle courses
take part in a relay, remembering when to	Creative games made by children
run and what to do	Links to Real PE 4
Competitive Games	
play competitive games, modified where	
appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball,	
cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and	
tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for	
attacking and defending	
be aware of space and use it to support	
team-mates and to cause problems for the	
opposition	

know and use rules fairly						
Gymnastics						
develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]						
 adapt sequences to suit different types of apparatus and criteria explain how strength and suppleness affect performance 	defending begun to Real Gyn Travel I can mov I can perfe Rotation I can main I can mov I can rem	erstand th g. I can exp identify ar <u>ne with goo</u> re smooth orm accur ntain an ar re smooth ain balance	e simple ta blain what l eas for imp od posture. ly and fluen ccurate sha ly and fluen ccurate sha ly and fluen ed through lination with	am doing rovement. http: hent patterr ape through http: out.	well and I ha	ive
Dance						
perform dances using a range of movement patterns						
 improvise freely and translate ideas from a stimulus into movement 						
 share and create phrases with a partner and small group 						
remember and repeat dance perform phrases						
Outdoor and Adventurous Activity						
take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team						
 follow a map in a familiar context use clues to follow a route follow a route safely 						
Evaluate						
compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best						
 compare and contrast gymnastic sequences recognise own improvement in ball games Real P.E. 						
Unit 4Creative						
 I can make up my own rules and versions of activities. I can respond differently to a variety of tasks or music and I can recognise similarities and differences in movements and expression. 						
Nigel Carson Sessions						
	Age Group	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4	Block 5	Block 6
	Monday Year 1	Ball Skills Hands	SAQ	Net and Wall Games	Striking and Fielding Games	
	Monday Year 2	Ball Skills Hands	SAQ	Net and Wall Games	Striking and Fielding Games	
	Tuesday Year 3	Benchball	SAQ and Dodgeball	Tennis	Cricket	Athletics
	Wednesday Year 4 Thursday Year 5	Benchball Basketball	SAQ and Dodgeball SAQ and Dodgeball	Tennis	Cricket Cricket	Athletics Athletics
	Friday Year 6	Basketbal	SAQ and Dodgeball	Tennis	Cricket	Athletics
	Thudy leas 0	Dashdibili	una ano podgebai	101110	URADI	riencula

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Dreams & Goals	Resource links from: Jigsaw
 Knowledge Know about specific people who have overcome difficult challenges to achieve success Know what dreams and ambitions are important to them Know how they can best overcome learning challenges Know that they are responsible for their own learning Know what their own strengths are as a learner Know what an obstacle is and how they can hinder achievement Know how to take steps to overcome obstacles Know how to evaluate their own learning progress and identify how it can be better next time Social and Emotional Skills Recognise other people's achievements in overcoming difficulties Imagine how it will feel when they achieve their dream / ambition Can break down a goal into small steps Recognise how other people can help them to achieve their goals Can share their success with others Can share their success with others Can share their success (in their internal treasure chest) to be used at another time Water Safety Curriculum Can I become familiar with how to stay safe around the water including beaches, canals and rivers? Two lessons-1: beach water safety and flags. 2: canals and rivers – activities resource 1-see teacher guidance. 	In this Puzzle the class look at examples of people who have overcome challenges to achieve success and discuss what they car learn from these stories. The children identify their own dreams and ambitions and discuss how it will feel when they achieve them. They talk about facing learning challenges and identify their own strategies for overcoming these. The children talk about obstacles which might stop them from achieving their goals and how to overcome these. They reflect on their progress and successes and identify what they could do better next time. <u>Key vocabulary</u> Perseverance, Challenges, Success, Obstacles, Dreams, Goals, Ambitions, Future, Aspirations, Garden, Decorate, Enterprise, Design, Co-operation, Strengths, Motivated, Enthusiastic, Excited, Efficient, Responsible, Frustration, 'Solve It Together' Technique, Solutions, Review, Learning, Evaluate See the link below
Please use the learning objectives from the Jigsaw website which may vary slightly from the above (this ensures that we always have the up to date	

https://jigsawlivestcmsuk.blob.core.windows.net/umbraco-media/hpkdfhs2/04-ages-7-8-jigsaw-skills-and-knowledge-progression-for-parents.pdf

Religious Education:

For this unit there is 10 hours of classroom ideas on RE Today. Please use you log in details to access this. There is planning and Idea on how to make the LC challenges more pupil friendly. Such Can I

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
What I need the children to learn Why are festivals important to religious communities? Easter Focus (in planning on RE today there is planning for 10 hours of classroom activities)	 Possible learning experiences Think about times in their own lives when pupils remember and celebrate significant events/people, and why and how they do this
 Emerging: Recognise and identify some differences between religious festivals and other types of celebrations (B2). Retell some stories behind festivals (e.g. Christmas and Easter) Expected: Make connections between stories, symbols and beliefs with what happens in at least two festivals (A2). Ask questions and give ideas about what matters most to believers in festivals (e.g. Easter) (B2). Identify similarities and differences in the way festivals are celebrated within and between religions (A3). Explore and suggest ideas about what is worth celebrating and remembering in religious communities and in their own lives (C1). 	 Consider the meanings of the stories behind key religious festivals, e.g Christmas, Easter, Pentecost, Harvest in Christianity. Describe how believers express the meaning of religious festivals through symbols, sounds, actions, story and rituals. Notice and think about similarities and differences between the way festival are celebrated e.g. Christmas or Holy Week within different Christian traditions; between home and places of worship. Study key elements of festival: shared values, story, beliefs, hopes and commitments. Consider (using Philosophy for Children methods where possible) questions about the deep meaning of the festivals: Is love stronger than death (Easter)?
 Discuss and present their own responses about the role of festivals in the life of Britain today, showing their understanding of the values and beliefs at the heart of each festival studied, using a variety of media (C2). Suggest how and why religious festivals are valuable to many people (B2). 	 Explore the benefits of celebration to religious communities by asking some local believers: why do they keep on celebrating ancient events? Consider questions about the role of festivals in the life of Britain today: Is Comic Relief day a bigger festival than Easter? Should everyone be allowed a day off work for their festivals? Is Christmas for the Christians or for everyone? Can the real meaning of a festival be preserved, or do the shops and shopping always take over?

Foreign Languages

Possible learning experiences
Language Angels
Spring 2 - Fruits Teaching Type: Early Language Unit Objective: To say what fruit we like and do not like in French By the end of this unit we will be able to: • Name, recognise and remember up to 10 fruits in French. • Attempt to spell some of these nouns with their correct article/determiner.
 Ask somebody in French if they like a particular fruit. Say what fruits we like and dislike in French.
-

Cayton Creation

Prepping the gardening beds with topsoils and compost ready for next half term

Cayton Conclusion

The Crudes 1 movie Making an Anglo Saxon hut. Straw house.

English

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Whole Class Reading	
The focus should continue to be on pupils' comprehension as a primary element in reading. The knowledge and skills that pupils need in order to comprehend are very similar at different ages. This is why the programmes of study for comprehension in years 3 and 4 and years 5 and 6 are similar: the complexity of the writing increases the level of challenge. Pupils should be taught to recognise themes in what they read, such as the triumph of good over evil or the use of magical devices in fairy stories and folk tales. They should also learn the conventions of different types of writing (for example, the greeting in letters, a diary written in the first person or the use of presentational devices such as numbering and headings in instructions). Pupils should be taught to use the skills they have learnt earlier and continue to apply these skills to read for different reasons, including for pleasure, or to find out information and the meaning of new words.	
Can I use my phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to read longer unknown words)? Can I apply my growing knowledge of root words and prefixes, including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis-, mis-,un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti- and auto- to begin to read aloud.*? Can I apply my growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings, including -ation,-ly, -ous, -ture, -sure, - sion,-tion, -ssion and -cian, to begin to read aloud.*? Please also see Phonics Progression Mapping Cayton School 2020 Can I begin to read Y3/Y4 exception words?*	
At this stage, teaching comprehension skills should be taking precedence over teaching word reading and fluency specifically. Any focus on word reading should support the development of vocabulary. Can I prove that the text makes sense and discuss my understanding, explaining the meaning of words in context? Can I recognise, listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks? Can I use appropriate terminology when discussing texts (plot, character, setting)? Can I check that the text makes sense to me, discussing my understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context?	

Can I pask and answer questions appropriately, including some hangeline interace, guestions based on character's feelings, thoughts and molives? Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show Can I pergare and perform poems and play scripts that show the probability of the programment of the scripts of t		
simple inference questions based on characters 'feelings, thoughts and moleces? Can I justify predictions using evidence from the text? Can I particle with audinors of where rading aloug? Text and Composition Text and Composition mon-field in the same of radi particle with a same of the same of radius of the same of radius particle with a same of the same of the same of radius of the same of radius and valences the same of the same the same based of the same of t	Can I discuss authors' choice of words and phrases for effect?	
the uptor and motives? Can I justify predictions using evidence from the text? Can I perpare and perform poems and play scripts that show can I begin to use appropriate innovation and volume when Can I and the evidence when reading aloud? Can I and the evidence when reading aloud? Text and Composition Papels should contents to have apportunities to write for a mage of real perpare and autoences should when prevent and the form the perpare and autoences should when the disclosing aloud? Text and Composition Papels should contents to write disclosing should the form the perpare and autoences should when there, the skiels and processes that are essential for writing, that is, thinking aloud to explore papels should content, through being is closer, moduling queter text, through being is closer, moduling queter share a sincerasing understanding of purposes and autoence by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text, there is the use of simple layout devices in non- fiction? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text for a proofread my own and others' work to check for arrors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I begin to use ledges from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in maratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in maratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in paratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in paratives? Can I begi		
Can I begin to create settings, characters and play scripts that show some awareness of the audience when reading adoud? Text and Composition Text and Composition from non-fiction texts? Text and Composition from non-fiction texts? Text and composition from non-fiction texts? Text and composition the decision about the form the problem and audiences and the decision about the form the problem and audiences and the decision about the form the problem and audiences and the decision about the form the problem and audiences and the decision check the manipus class, the decision about the form the problem and audiences and the decision base the still and process that are estential for white, that it, thinking aloud be explore and audiences by discussing writing similar to that which and the advection and the decision and the still and process that are estential for white, that it, thinking aloud be explore and audiences by discussing writing similar to that which and the advection of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon-fiction)? Can I begin to use the structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon-fiction)? Can I proofeed my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including dialogue)? Can I proofreed my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plo	thoughts and motives?	
Can I begin to create settings, characters and play scripts that show some awareness of the audience when reading adoud? Text and Composition Text and Composition from non-fiction texts? Text and Composition from non-fiction texts? Text and composition from non-fiction texts? Text and composition the decision about the form the problem and audiences and the decision about the form the problem and audiences and the decision about the form the problem and audiences and the decision about the form the problem and audiences and the decision check the manipus class, the decision about the form the problem and audiences and the decision base the still and process that are estential for white, that it, thinking aloud be explore and audiences by discussing writing similar to that which and the advection and the decision and the still and process that are estential for white, that it, thinking aloud be explore and audiences by discussing writing similar to that which and the advection of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon-fiction)? Can I begin to use the structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon-fiction)? Can I proofeed my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including dialogue)? Can I proofreed my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plo	Can Liustify prodictions using ovidence from the text?	
some awareness of the audience when insiding aloud? Can I begin to use appropriate information and volume when earding aloud? Can I rotrive and record information from non-fiction texts? Text and Composition Pupils should continue to have apportunities to write for a mape of real pupposes and audiences should wherein the decisions about the form the writing thould take, that a narrative, and excess the curritum. These purposes and audiences should wherein the decisions about the form the writing thould take, that a narrative, and excess the curritum. These purposes and audiences should wherein the decision should be taught to monitor whether thou writing makes beam the same way that they monitor whether thou writing makes beam the same way that they monitor whether thou writing makes beam the same way that they monitor whether thou writing makes beam the same way that they monitor whether thou writing makes beam the same way that they monitor whether thou writing makes to reduce a same the same way that they monitor whether they official same the angle of the same may that they beam the same they that they monitor the text of the same way that they monitor whether they official same the same way that they monitor whether they are same to the same way that they monitor whether that may writing is final ro that which it am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I demonstrate an increasing understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelied examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I and the the text of hold be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing of books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about s	can i justify predictions using evidence from the text?	
Can I begin to use appropriate intonation and volume when reading sloud? Text and Composition Play blouds other the or a popuration is units of a range of real purpose and audiences have approximately to avoid the a range of real purpose and audiences should undering the decisions balance to form the writing should take, such as a marative, an explanation or a decipiton. Plays is hould undering, and re-reading to decision or a decision. Can I begin to organise may writing into paragraphs around a theme? Can I begin to organise may writing into paragraphs around a theme? Can I begin to create setting of writing this organize a sume way that they mentor their reading, checking at different levels. Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices in non- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices in non- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I begin to use these structures or ally (including dialogue)? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices to and detail? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices to and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I begin to use these structures or ally (including dialogue)? Can I begin to use the appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differente between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing different text Can I terminology and concepts can they have read. At this stage, pupils should text apple to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing	Can I prepare and perform poems and play scripts that show	
Text and Composition Text and the text and the text and text		
Text and Composition Pupils should continue to have opportunities to write for a range of real purposes and audiences as part of their work across the curriculum. These purposes and audiences should matery the decisions about the form the write ghowing the decision about the form the write ghowing the decision about the form the material states and audiences as part of their work across the current the decision about the form the material states and audiences and and the decision about the form the write ghowing the decisions about the form the material states and audiences and audiences are states their meaning is dear, including diago as the writing evelopes. Pupils should writing makes sense in the same way that they monotor their reading, cheating and them? Can I begin to organise my writing into paragraphs around a them? Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which 1 am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and gramma? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices in non-fiction)? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices in non-fiction)? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including dialogue)? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in anaratives? Can I	reading aloud?	
Pupils should continue to have opportunities to write for a range of real purposes and audiences should underpine the decisions about the form the writing should kack, so has an archive, ne weak roots on exterciption. Pupils should understand, through being shown these, the skills and processes that are estimated to check their meaning is clear, including doing as the writing develop. Pupils how the sume way that they monitor whether their own writing into paragraphs around a theme? Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- ficiant). Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- ficiant). Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelied examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehease sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I nake deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Carammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect times) throughout a plece of writing with accurate	Can I retrieve and record information from non- fiction texts?	
Pupils should continue to have opportunities to write for a range of real purposes and audiences should underpine the decisions about the form the writing should kack, so has an archive, ne weak roots on exterciption. Pupils should understand, through being shown these, the skills and processes that are estimated to check their meaning is clear, including doing as the writing develop. Pupils how the sume way that they monitor whether their own writing into paragraphs around a theme? Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- ficiant). Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- ficiant). Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelied examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehease sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I nake deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Carammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect times) throughout a plece of writing with accurate		
purposes and audiences should unders should under should be substitute from the writing should becks such as a narrative, an explanation or a description. Pupuls should underses should undersite should be stagett to an an and collect idea. A difficult should be stagett to be an and collect idea. A difficult should be stagett to an an and collect idea. A difficult should be stagett to be an analysis and audience by discussing writing similar to that which i am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ite description and discussing writing and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I begin to use ite description devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ite description devices innon- fiction? Can I begin to use iteas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I accords and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to areat the texplicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set un in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tares (including the present perf	Text and Composition	
purposes and audiences should underpin the decisions about the form the writing should due, such as a nardway, an explanation on a description. Pupils should understand, through being shown these, the skills and processes that are seensing for writing is shown these, the skills and processes that are seensing to check their meaning is dear, including doing to a the writing develops. Pupils should be taught to monitor where addience by discussing writing similar to monitor where addience by discussing writing similar to monitor where addience by discussing writing similar to maintor where addience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from this structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Carammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty omalinatine correct tense (including the present perfect times) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	Pupils should continue to have opportunities to write for a range of real	
wring should be, such as an arative, an explanation or a description. Pupils should under stand, through being shown these, the skills and processes that are essential for writing that its, thinking about to explore and collect idea, chirding, and er-despines bhould be taught to monitor whether there own writing makes sense in the same way that they monitor their endering, chirding at different levels. Can I begin to organise my writing into paragraphs around a theme? Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I amplaning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices in non- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begins to grant play the terminology and concepts sto cut in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect times) throughout a place of writing with the carreine		
Pupils should understand, through being shown these, the stills and processes that are vertices, that is, thinking aloud to explore and collect liess, drafting, and e-reading to check their meaning is dear, including dial post is the writing devices. Pupils should be taught to monitor whether their own writing makes sense in the same way that they monitor their reading, checking at different levels. Can I begin to organise my writing into paragraphs around a theme? Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of puprose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and gramma?? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices in non-friction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I porfread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to reate settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to are their error in the internation of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I toro make in the structure of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and height the prive divergence of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what currete of writing with accurate the prive may be writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should the prive may be average of writing with accurate the prive may be writing in the present perfect these it broughout a piece of writing with accurate the prive may be availed for the present perfect these it broughout a piece of writing with accur		
and collect ideas, drafting, and re-reading to check their meaning is clear, including doing os the writing evenes. In the same way that they monitor whether their own writing makes sense in the same way that they monitor their reading, checking at different levels. Can I begin to organise my writing into paragraphs around a theme? Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Car I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Car I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Car I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Car I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Car I begin to create settings do concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tenes (including the present perfect tenes) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	Pupils should understand, through being shown these, the skills and	
Including doing so as the writing develops. Pupils should be taught to monitor whether there own writing makes sense in the same way that they monitor whether there own writing makes sense in the same way that they monitor whether there own writing makes sense in the same way that they monitor whether there own writing makes sense in the same way that they monitor whether there own writing makes sense in the same way that they monitor whether this structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I peopread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives?		
monitor whether ther own writing makes senie in the same way that they monitor their reading, checking at different levels. Can I begin to organise my writing into paragraphs around a theme? Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon-fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Grammar Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have read.		
Can I begin to organise my writing into paragraphs around a theme? Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Carammar Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a pleed of writing with accurate	monitor whether their own writing makes sense in the same way that they	
around a theme? Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn (from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices in non- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Gan I make deliberate settings, characters and plot in narratives?	monitor their reading, checking at different levels.	
around a theme? Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn (from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices in non- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Gan I make deliberate settings, characters and plot in narratives?		
Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range oftext types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Carammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) Wito apple the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) thore of the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) thore of the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) thore of the ormer tense (including the present perfect tense) thore of the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) thore of the ormer tense (including the present perfect tense) thore of the ormer tense (including the present perfect tense) thore of the ormer tense (including the present perfect tense) thore of the ormer tense (including the present perfect tense) thore of the ormer tense or writing with accurate	Can I begin to organise my writing into paragraphs	
purpose and audience by discussing writing similar to that which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices in non-fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I nave deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I play the correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect times) throughout a plece of writing with accurate the standard tenglish and begin to apply what they present perfect these bitroughout a performance the standard tenglish and begin to apply with accurate the standard tenglish and hon-Standard tenglish and begin to apply with accurate they have lear the standard tenglish and begin to apply what they present perfect tense) throughout a play with accurate the standard tenglish and hon-Standard tenglish and begin to apply with accurate they thore points and the of the offerences the store of writing the	around a theme?	
hat which I am planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range oftext types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Car I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Grammar Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect times) throughout a place of writing with accurate	Can I demonstrate an increasing understanding of	
and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar? Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range oftext types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I make deliberate ambitious word concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect times) Witoogbout a plece of writing with accurate		
Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) thoroghout a piece of writing with accurate		
types (including the use of simple layout devices innon- fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Grammar Grammar Should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect times) thooghout a plece of writing with accurate	and learning in the structure, vocabulary and grammar:	
fiction)? Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I try to example of the able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	Can I begin to use the structure of a wider range of text	
Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Carammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in and the taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	fiction)?	
modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in and the taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
modelled examples to plan my writing? Can I proofread my own and others' work to check for errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in and the taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I ty to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	Can I begin to use ideas from my own reading and	
errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I public the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	modelled examples to plan my writing?	
errors (with increasing accuracy) and to make improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I public the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
improvements? Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can The set of the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Carammar Should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Carammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
dialogue)? Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Carammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Carammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	Can I compose and rehearse sentences orally (including	
detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Grammar Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	dialogue)?	
detail? Can I begin to create settings, characters and plot in narratives? Grammar Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	Can I make deliberate ambitious word choices to add	
Grammar Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	detail?	
Grammar Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	One like size to construct the set of the se	
GrammarGrammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters].Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	nun unves :	
Grammar should be taught explicitly: pupils should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	Grammar	
should be taught the terminology and concepts set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
set out in English Appendix 2, and be able to apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
apply them correctly to examples of real language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
language, such as their own writing or books that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	apply them correctly to examples of real	
that they have read. At this stage, pupils should start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	language, such as their own writing or books	
start to learn about some of the differences between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
between Standard English and non-Standard English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
English and begin to apply what they have learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	-	
characters]. Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate		
Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	learnt [for example, in writing dialogue for	
perfect tense) throughout a piece of writing with accurate	characters].	
	Can I try to maintain the correct tense (including the present	

Can I use the full range of punctuation from previous year groups?	
Can I use 'a' or 'an' correctly throughout a piece of writing? Can I use subordinate clauses, extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, and although?	
Can I use a range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to show time, place and cause?	
Can I punctuate direct speech accurately, including the use of inverted commas?	
Can I recognise and use the terms preposition, conjunction, word family, prefix, clause, subordinate clause, direct speech, consonant, consonant letter, vowel, vowel letter and inverted commas (or speech marks)?	
Englings and Handwriting	
Spellings and Handwriting	
Teachers should continue to emphasise to	
pupils the relationships between sounds and	
letters, even when the relationships are unusual.	
Once root words are learnt in this way,	
longer words can be spelt correctly, if the rules	
and guidance for adding prefixes and	
suffixes are also known.	
Can I spell words with the / eɪ/ sound spelt 'ei', 'eigh', or 'ey' (e.g. vein, weigh, eight, neighbour, they, obey)?	
Can I spell words with the /I/ sound spelt 'y' in a position other than at the end of words (e.g. mystery, gym)? Can I spell words with a /k/ sound spelt with 'ch' (e.g. scheme, chorus, chemist, echo, character)? Can I spell words ending in the /g/ sound spelt 'gue' and the /k/ sound spelt 'que' (e.g. league, tongue, antique, unique)? Can I spell words with a / sh/ sound spelt with 'ch' (e.g. chef, chalet, machine, brochure)? Can I spell words with a short /u/ sound spelt with 'ou' (e.g. young, touch, double, trouble, country)? Can I spell words ending with the /zher/ sound spelt with 'sure' (e.g. measure, treasure, pleasure, enclosure)?	
Can I spell words ending with the /cher/ sound spelt with 'ture' (e.g. creature, furniture, picture, nature, adventure)? Can I spell many of the Y3 and Y4 statutory spelling words correctly?	
Can I spell most words with the prefixes dis-, mis-, bi-, re- and de- correctly (e.g. disobey, mistreat, bicycle, reapply, defuse)? Can I spell most words with the suffix -ly with no change to the root word; root words that end in 'le','al' or 'ic' and the exceptions to the rules? Can I spell words with added suffixes beginning with a vowel (-er/ed/- ing) to words with more than one syllable (unstressed last syllable, e.g. limiting offering)?	
Can I spell words with added suffixes beginning with a vowel (-er/- ed/- en/-ing) to words with more than one syllable (stressed last syllable, e.g. forgotten beginning)? Can I spell some more complex homophones and near-homophones, including here/hear, brake/break and mail/ male? Can I use the first two or three letters of a word to check spellings in a dictionary?	
Can I use a neat, joined handwriting style with increasing accuracy and speed? Can I continue to use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and to understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined?	

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Reading focus post lock down	Writing instructions from prepping the
	gardening beds.
Writing focus post lock down	

Stone Age	Geography links with non-chronological reports.
Bronze Iron Age	Stig of the dump – whole class reading novel
Vikings	
Anglo Saxons	The Witches
Mathematics	

What I need the children to learn	Possible learning experiences
Following the White Rose Planning scheme	
for Spring	
Statistics Bar Charts Data Analysis	Childrens data, looking at personal date and using it in our analysis.
Length	Measuring the gardening beds and looking at seed placements every Cm
Perimeter	